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One -Pot Synthesis of Optically Pure Tricyclo[5.3.1.0 ^{3,8}]undecanes Involving a Novel Triple Michael-Dieckmann Reaction

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Abstract: Tricyclo-undecane 5 or 6 has been synthesised through sequential triple Michael-Dieckmann reaction of carvone (1) or methylcarvone (2) with methyl acrylate.

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The importance of one-pot synthesis of complex, stereochemically defined structural frameworks involving multi-step and multi-component reactions cannot be overemphasised. Tandem Michael or Diels-Alder reactions have proved very useful in this context, allowing easy access to a number of bridged ring carbocyclic compounds. The application of such reactions to the readily available, optically pure α , β -unsaturated ketones like carvone (1) or methyl carvone (2) is potentially useful for the construction of the desired optical isomers of complex natural products.

Herein we report an unusually efficient one-pot synthesis of the tricyclo[5.3.1.0 ^{3,8}]undecane system, the structural framework of seychellane, patchouli alcohol and related natural products.

When methyl carvone (2) [a mixture of diastereomers prepared from (-)-1] was treated with two equivalents of methyl acrylate in presence of one equivalent each of lithiumdiisopropylamide and hexamethylphosphoramide,² 6 could be isolated in 44% yield. The structure, initially established by spectral analysis, ³ was confirmed by a single crystal X-ray diffraction study ⁴ (An ORTEP diagram is presented in Fig.1). Similarly 5 was prepared from (-)-1 in 40% yield (Scheme - 1).

$$Me \xrightarrow{\hat{H}} CO_2Me$$

$$1, R = H$$

$$2, R = Me$$

$$Me \xrightarrow{CO_2Me} Me$$

$$R \xrightarrow{CO_2Me} Me$$

$$R \xrightarrow{CO_2Me} OH$$

$$S, R = H$$

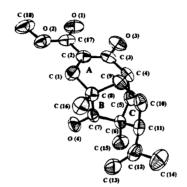
$$4, R = Me$$

$$6, R = Me$$

Scheme-1

The formation of the undecane keto-enol ester 5 or 6 from the substrate 1 or 2, as shown in Scheme-1, conceivably arises through the respective intermediate bicyclo[2.2.2]octanone 3 or 4. The intermolecular Michael addition of 1 or 2 with methyl acrylate followed by an intramolecular Michael addition of the resulting anion generates the respective intermediate⁵ 3 or 4, which undergoes an additional Michael reaction with methyl acrylate and successive Dieckmann cyclisation leading to the tricyclic system 5 or 6.

In essence, the effective sequence of single-pot reactions occurring in a co-operative manner, reported in the present communication, represents a remarkably simple synthetic entry to the functionalised tricyclic system *en route* to a few complex natural products.



Figl: ORTEP diagram of 6

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REFERENCES AND NOTES

- 1. Ihara, M.; Fukumoto, K. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 1993, 32, 1010-1022.
- 2. Reaction carried out in tetrahydrofuran at -20 °C to room temperature for 6 hrs.
- 3. Selected data for 5 and 6: 5: m.p. $103-104^{\circ}$ C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -43.52^{\circ}$ (c 0.85, CHCl $_3$); IR (KBr, cm $^{-1}$): 1716, 1663, 1625; δ_{H} (CDCl $_3$): 1.10 (s,3H),1.75 (s, 3H), 1.75-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.93 and 2.80 (2x1H d, J 16Hz), 1.95-2.01 (m, 3H), 2.24 (ddd, J 1.6, 11.4 and 14.0 Hz, 1H), 2.47-2.65 (m, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 4.73 and 4.75 (2x1H s) and 11.88 (s, 1H); δ_{C} (CDCl $_3$): 220.0, 174.2, 172.3, 147.2,109.7, 94.0, 51.3, 45.7, 44.8, 42.3, 37.3, 36.0, 33.4, 24.4, 22.5 and 21.8; EI-MS: $\underline{m/z}$ 290 (M $^{\circ}$).

 6: m.p. $104-105^{\circ}$ C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -42.58^{\circ}$ (c 1.47, CHCl $_3$); IR (KBr, cm $^{-1}$): 1708, 1663, 1626; δ_{H} (CDCl $_3$): 1.03 (s, 3H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 3H), 1.52 (dd, J 14 and 3 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (ddd, J 14, 5 and 3 Hz, 1H), 1.94-2.22 (m,3H), 2.00 and 2.84 (2x1H d, J 16Hz), 2.35 (dd, J 12 and 5 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (dt, J 12 and 3 Hz, 1H) 3.73 (s, 3H), 4.46 and 4.77 (2x1H s) and 11.86 (s, 1H): δ_{C} (CDCl $_3$): 221.2, 174.5, 172.2,146.2, 110.8, 93.7, 51.3, 49.0, 45.6, 44.6, 43.0, 37.3, 36.8, 34.2, 26.8, 23.2 and 18.3; EI-MS: m/z 304 (M $^{\circ}$).
- 4. Details will be published elsewhere.
- 5. Zhao, R.-B., Zhao, Y.-F., Song, G.-Q.; Wu, Y.-L. Tetrahedron Lett. 1990, 31, 3559-3562.